

Metric Definitions

Table of Contents

- [Complexity](#)
- [Duplications](#)
- [Issues](#)
- [Maintainability](#)
- [Quality Gates](#)
- [Reliability](#)
- [Security](#)
- [Size](#)
- [Tests](#)

This is not an exhaustive list of metrics. For the full list, consult the *api/metrics* WebAPI on your SonarQube instance.

Complexity

Name	Key	Description
Complexity	complexity	<p>It is the complexity calculated based on the number of paths through the code. Whenever the control flow of a function splits, the complexity counter gets incremented by one. Each function has a minimum complexity of 1. This calculation varies slightly by language because keywords and functionalities do.</p> <p>More details</p>
Cognitive Complexity	cognitive_complexity	<p>How hard it is to understand the code's control flow. See https://www.sonarsource.com/resources/white-papers/cognitive-complexity.html for complete description of the mathematical model applied to compute this measure.</p>

Duplications

Name	Key	Description
Duplicated blocks	duplicated_blocks	<p>Number of duplicated blocks of lines.</p> <p>For a block of code to be considered as duplicated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Non-Java projects:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• There should be at least 100 successive and duplicated tokens.• Those tokens should be spread at least on:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 30 lines of code for COBOL• 20 lines of code for ABAP• 10 lines of code for other languages• Java projects:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• There should be at least 10 successive and duplicated statements whatever the number of tokens and lines. <p>Differences in indentation as well as in string literals are ignored while detecting duplications.</p>
Duplicated files	duplicated_files	Number of files involved in duplications.
Duplicated lines	duplicated_lines	Number of lines involved in duplications.

Duplicated lines (%)	duplicated_lines_density	Density of duplication = Duplicated lines / Lines * 100
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Issues

Name	Key	Description
New issues	new_violations	Number of new issues.
New xxxxx issues	new_xxxxx_violations	Number of new issues with severity xxxxx, xxxxx being blocker, critical, major, minor or info.
Issues	violations	Total number of issues of all states.
xxxxx issues	xxxxx_violations	Number of issues with severity xxxxx, xxxxx being blocker, critical, major, minor or info.
False positive issues	false_positive_issues	Number of false positive issues
Open issues	open_issues	Number of issues whose status is Open
Confirmed issues	confirmed_issues	Number of issues whose status is Confirmed
Reopened issues	reopened_issues	Number of issues whose status is Reopened

Severity

Severity	Description
Blocker	Operational/security <i>risk</i> . This issue might make the whole application unstable in production. Ex: calling garbage collector, not closing a socket, etc.
Critical	Operational/security <i>risk</i> . This issue might lead to an unexpected behavior in production without impacting the integrity of the whole application. Ex: NullPointerException, badly caught exceptions, lack of unit tests, etc.
Major	This issue might have a substantial impact on <i>productivity</i> . Ex: too complex methods, package cycles, etc.
Minor	This issue might have a potential and minor impact on <i>productivity</i> . Ex: naming conventions, Finalizer does nothing but call superclass finalizer, etc.
Info	Unknown or not yet well defined security risk or impact on productivity.

Maintainability

Name	Key	Description
Code Smells	code_smells	Number of code smells.
New Code Smells	new_code_smells	Number of new code smells.
Maintainability Rating (formerly SQALE Rating)	sqale_rating	<p>Rating given to your project related to the value of your Technical Debt Ratio. The default Maintainability Rating grid is:</p> <p>A=0-0.05, B=0.06-0.1, C=0.11-0.20, D=0.21-0.5, E=0.51-1</p> <p>The Maintainability Rating scale can be alternately stated by saying that if the outstanding remediation cost is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <=5% of the time that has already gone into the application, the rating is A • between 6 to 10% the rating is a B • between 11 to 20% the rating is a C • between 21 to 50% the rating is a D • anything over 50% is an E
Technical Debt	sqale_index	Effort to fix all maintainability issues. The measure is stored in minutes in the DB. An 8-hour day is assumed when values are shown in days.
Technical Debt on new code	new_technical_debt	Technical Debt of new code

Technical Debt Ratio	sqale_debt_ratio	Ratio between the cost to develop the software and the cost to fix it. The Technical Debt Ratio formula is: $\text{Remediation cost} / \text{Development cost}$ Which can be restated as: $\text{Remediation cost} / (\text{Cost to develop 1 line of code} * \text{Number of lines of code})$ The value of the cost to develop a line of code is 0.06 days.
Technical Debt Ratio on new code	new_sqale_debt_ratio	Ratio between the cost to develop the code changed in the leak period and the cost of the issues linked to it.

Quality Gates

Name	Key	Description
Quality Gate Status	alert_status	State of the Quality Gate associated to your Project. Possible values are : ERROR, WARN, OK
Quality Gates Details	quality_gate_details	For all the conditions of your Quality Gate, you know which condition is failing and which is not.

Reliability

Name	Key	Description
Bugs	bugs	Number of bugs.
New Bugs	new_bugs	Number of new bugs.
Reliability Rating	reliability_rating	A = 0 Bug B = at least 1 Minor Bug C = at least 1 Major Bug D = at least 1 Critical Bug E = at least 1 Blocker Bug
Reliability remediation effort	reliability_remediation_effort	Effort to fix all bug issues. The measure is stored in minutes in the DB. An 8-hour day is assumed when values are shown in days.
Reliability remediation effort on new code	new_reliability_remediation_effort	Same as <i>Reliability remediation effort</i> by on the code changed in the leak period.

Security

Name	Key	Description
Vulnerabilities	vulnerabilities	Number of vulnerabilities.
New Vulnerabilities	new_vulnerabilities	Number of new vulnerabilities.
Security Rating	security_rating	A = 0 Vulnerability B = at least 1 Minor Vulnerability C = at least 1 Major Vulnerability D = at least 1 Critical Vulnerability E = at least 1 Blocker Vulnerability
Security remediation effort	security_remediation_effort	Effort to fix all vulnerability issues. The measure is stored in minutes in the DB. An 8-hour day is assumed when values are shown in days.
Security remediation effort on new code	new_security_remediation_effort	Same as <i>Security remediation effort</i> by on the code changed in the leak period.

Size

Metric	Key	Description
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Classes	classes	Number of classes (including nested classes, interfaces, enums and annotations).
Comment lines	comment_lines	<p>Number of lines containing either comment or commented-out code.</p> <p>Non-significant comment lines (empty comment lines, comment lines containing only special characters, etc.) do not increase the number of comment lines.</p> <p>The following piece of code contains 9 comment lines:</p> <pre> /** +0 => empty comment line * +0 => empty comment line * This is my documentation +1 => significant comment * although I don't +1 => significant comment * have much +1 => significant comment * to say +1 => significant comment * +0 => empty comment line ***** +0 => non-significant comment * +0 => empty comment line * blabla... +1 => significant comment */ +0 => empty comment line /** +0 => empty comment line * public String foo() { +1 => commented-out code * System.out.println(message); +1 => commented-out code * return message; +1 => commented-out code * } +1 => commented-out code */ +0 => empty comment line </pre> <p>More details</p>
Comments (%)	comment_lines_density	<p>Density of comment lines = Comment lines / (Lines of code + Comment lines) * 100</p> <p>With such a formula:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50% means that the number of lines of code equals the number of comment lines • 100% means that the file only contains comment lines
Directories	directories	Number of directories.
Files	files	Number of files.
Lines	lines	Number of physical lines (number of carriage returns).
Lines of code	ncloc	<p>Number of physical lines that contain at least one character which is neither a whitespace nor a tabulation nor part of a comment.</p> <p>More details</p>
Lines of code per language	ncloc_language_distribution	Non Commenting Lines of Code Distributed By Language
Functions	functions	<p>Number of functions. Depending on the language, a function is either a function or a method or a paragraph.</p> <p>More details</p>
Projects	projects	Number of projects in a view.
Statements	statements	<p>Number of statements.</p> <p>More details</p>

Tests

Metric	Key	Description
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Condition coverage	branch_coverage	<p>On each line of code containing some boolean expressions, the condition coverage simply answers the following question: 'Has each boolean expression been evaluated both to true and false?'. This is the density of possible conditions in flow control structures that have been followed during unit tests execution.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> $\text{Condition coverage} = (CT + CF) / (2*B)$ <p>where</p> <p>CT = conditions that have been evaluated to 'true' at least once CF = conditions that have been evaluated to 'false' at least once</p> <p>B = total number of conditions</p> </div>
Condition coverage on new code	new_branch_coverage	Identical to Condition coverage but restricted to new / updated source code.
Condition coverage hits	branch_coverage_hits_data	List of covered conditions.
Conditions by line	conditions_by_line	Number of conditions by line.
Covered conditions by line	covered_conditions_by_line	Number of covered conditions by line.
Coverage	coverage	<p>It is a mix of Line coverage and Condition coverage. Its goal is to provide an even more accurate answer to the following question: How much of the source code has been covered by the unit tests?</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> $\text{Coverage} = (CT + CF + LC) / (2*B + EL)$ <p>where</p> <p>CT = conditions that have been evaluated to 'true' at least once CF = conditions that have been evaluated to 'false' at least once LC = covered lines = lines_to_cover - uncovered_lines</p> <p>B = total number of conditions EL = total number of executable lines (lines_to_cover)</p> </div>
Coverage on new code	new_coverage	Identical to Coverage but restricted to new / updated source code.
Line coverage	line_coverage	<p>On a given line of code, Line coverage simply answers the following question: Has this line of code been executed during the execution of the unit tests?. It is the density of covered lines by unit tests:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> $\text{Line coverage} = LC / EL$ <p>where</p> <p>LC = covered lines (lines_to_cover - uncovered_lines) EL = total number of executable lines (lines_to_cover)</p> </div>
Line coverage on new code	new_line_coverage	Identical to Line coverage but restricted to new / updated source code.
Line coverage hits	coverage_line_hits_data	List of covered lines.
Lines to cover	lines_to_cover	Number of lines of code which could be covered by unit tests (for example, blank lines or full comments lines are not considered as lines to cover).

Lines to cover on new code	new_lines_to_cover	Identical to Lines to cover but restricted to new / updated source code.
Skipped unit tests	skipped_tests	Number of skipped unit tests.
Uncovered conditions	uncovered_conditions	Number of conditions which are not covered by unit tests.
Uncovered conditions on new code	new_uncovered_conditions	Identical to Uncovered conditions but restricted to new / updated source code.
Uncovered lines	uncovered_lines	Number of lines of code which are not covered by unit tests.
Uncovered lines on new code	new_uncovered_lines	Identical to Uncovered lines but restricted to new / updated source code.
Unit tests	tests	Number of unit tests.
Unit tests duration	test_execution_time	Time required to execute all the unit tests.
Unit test errors	test_errors	Number of unit tests that have failed.
Unit test failures	test_failures	Number of unit tests that have failed with an unexpected exception.
Unit test success density (%)	test_success_density	Test success density = $(\text{Unit tests} - (\text{Unit test errors} + \text{Unit test failures})) / \text{Unit tests} * 100$

Metrics on test execution do not exist for Integration tests and Overall tests.